SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

1 `

proposing an amendment to the Texas Constitution changing the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct, and relating to the commission and the powers and proceedings of the commission, a master, and the supreme court, or court of civil appeals justices serving in place of the supreme court, for the suspension, censure, removal, or involuntary retirement of a justice, judge, or justice of the peace under certain circumstances.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Subsections (2), (5), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (12) and Paragraph A of Subsection (6), Section 1-a, Article V of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

Commission is changed to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct.

The Commission consists [There is hereby created the State Judicial Conduct.

The Commission consists [There is hereby created the State Judicial Qualifications Commission, to consist] of eleven (11) [nine (9)]

members, to wit: (1) two (2) Justices of Courts of Civil Appeals;

(11) two (2) District Judges; (111) two (2) members of the State Bar, who have respectively practiced as such for over ten (10) consecutive years next preceding their selection; (1111) four (4) [three (3)] citizens, at least thirty (30) years of age, not licensed to practice law nor holding any salaried public office or employment; and (y) one (1) Justice of the Peace; provided that no person shall be or remain a member of the Commission, who does not

maintain physical residence within this State, or who resides in, or holds a judgeship within or for, the same Supreme Judicial 2 District as another member of the Commission, or who shall have 3 ceased to retain the qualifications above specified for his respective class of membership, except that the Justice of the 5 6 Peace shall be selected at large without regard to whether he resides or holds a judgeship in the same Supreme Judicial District 7 as another member of the Commission. Commissioners of classes (i) 9 and (ii) above shall be chosen by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iii) by the Board of 10 Directors of the State Bar under regulations to be prescribed by 11 the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, [and] 12 those of class (iiii) by appointment of the Governor with advice 13 and consent of the Senate, and the commissioner of class (y) by 14 appointment of the Supreme Court from a list of five (5) names 15 submitted by the executive committee of the Justice of the Peace 16 17 and Constables Association of Texas, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The initial term of the commissioner of class (y) and 18 19 the fourth commissioner of class (1111) added by this amendment terminates on November 19, 1979. Each person holding office as a 20 21 member of the Commission on the effective date of this amendment 22 continues to hold the office for the term for which he was 23 appointed."

"(5) The Commission may hold its meetings, hearings and other proceedings at such times and places as it shall determine but shall meet at Austin at least once each year. It shall

24

25

26

annually select one of its members as Chairman. A quorum shall consist of six_(6) [five-(5)] members. Proceedings shall be by majority vote of those present, except that recommendations for retirement, censure, suspension, or removal of any person holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section shall be by affirmative vote of at least six_(6) [five-(5)] members.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

"(6)A. Any Justice or Judge of the Appellate Courts and District and Criminal District Courts, and any County Judge, and any Judge of a County Court at Law, a Court of Domestic Relations, a Juvenile Court, a Probate Court, or a Corporation or Municipal Court, and any Justice of the Peace, and any Judge or presiding officer of any special court created by the Legislature as provided in Section 1, Article V, of this Constitution, may, subject to the other provisions hereof, be removed from office for willful or persistent conduct, which is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his said duties or casts public discredit upon the judiciary or administration of justice; or any person holding such office may be censured, in lieu of removal from office, under procedures provided for by the Legislature. Any person holding an office named in this subsection may be suspended from office with or without pay by the Commission immediately on being indicted by a State or Federal grand jury for a felony offense; or, on the filing of a sworn complaint charging a person holding such office with willful and persistent conduct which is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his duties or which casts public

discredit on the judiciary or on the administration of justice, the
Commission, after giving the person notice and an opportunity to
appear before the Commission, may recommend to the Supreme Court
the suspension of such person from office. The Supreme Court,
after considering the record of such appearance and the
recommendation of the Commission, may suspend the person from
office with or without pay, pending final disposition of the
charge.

- "(7) The Commission shall keep itself informed as fully as may be of circumstances relating to the misconduct or disability of particular persons holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section, receive complaints or reports, formal or informal, from any source in this behalf and make such preliminary investigations as it may determine. Its orders for the attendance or testimony of witnesses or for the production of documents at any hearing or investigation shall be enforceable by contempt proceedings in the District Court or by a Master.
- "(8) After such investigation as it deems necessary, the Commission may in its discretion issue a private or public reprimand, or if the Commission determines that the situation merits such action, it may institute formal proceedings and order a formal hearing to be held before it concerning the public censure, removal, or retirement of a person holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section, or it may in its discretion request the Supreme Court to appoint an active or retired District Judge or Justice of a Court of Civil Appeals, or

retired Judge or Justice of the Court of Criminal Appeals or the Supreme Court, as a Master to hear and take evidence in any such 2 matter, and to report thereon to the Commission. The Master shall have all the power of a District Judge in the enforcement of orders pertaining to witnesses, evidence, and procedure. If, after formal 5 hearing, or after considering the record and report of a Master, the Commission finds good cause therefor, it shall issue an order 7 . of public censure or it shall recommend to the Supreme Court the 8 removal, or retirement, as the case may be, of the person in 9 question holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) 10 of this Section and shall thereupon file with the Clerk of the 11 Supreme Court the entire record before the Commission. 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

"(9) The Supreme Court shall review the record of the proceedings on the law and facts and in its discretion may, for good cause shown, permit the introduction of additional evidence and shall order public censure, retirement or removal, as it finds just and proper, or wholly reject the recommendation. Upon an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, the office in question shall become vacant. The Supreme Court, in an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, may prohibit such person from holding judicial office in the future. The rights of an incumbent so retired to retirement benefits shall be the same as if his retirement had been voluntary.

"(10) All papers filed with and proceedings before the Commission or a Master shall be confidential, unless otherwise

provided by law, and the filing of papers with, and the giving of testimony before, the Commission, Master or the Supreme Court shall be privileged, unless otherwise provided by law; provided that upon being filed in the Supreme Court the record loses its confidential character. However, the Commission may issue a public statement through its executive director or its Chairman at any time during any of its proceedings under this Section when sources other than the Commission cause notoriety concerning a Judge or the Commission itself and the Commission determines that the best interests of a Judge or of the public will be served by issuing the statement."

1 .

"(12) No person holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section shall sit as a member of the Commission [or Supreme Court] in any proceeding involving his own suspension, censure, retirement or removal. A recommendation of the Commission for the suspension, censure, retirement, or removal of a Justice of the Supreme Court shall be determined by a tribunal of seven (7) Court of Civil Appeals Justices selected by lot to serve in place of the Supreme Court."

Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this state at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1977, at which election the ballots shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment changing the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct, and relating to the commission and the powers and

proceedings of the commission, a master, and the supreme court, or court of civil appeals justices serving in place of the supreme court, for the suspension, censure, removal, or involuntary retirement of a justice, judge, or justice of the peace under

certain circumstances."

7

President of the	Senate	
------------------	--------	--

Speaker of the House

I hereby certify that S.J.R. No. 30 was adopted by the senate on February 28, 1977, by the following vote: Yeas 21, Nays 8; May 25, 1977, senate concurred in house amendments by the following vote: Yeas 29, Nays 0.

Secretary of the Senate

I hereby certify that S.J.R. No. 30 was adopted by the house, with amendments, on May 24, 1977, by the following vote: Yeas 129, Nays 3, one present not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House

Approved:	
Date	FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
Governor	MAY 26 1977
Filed, w/o signatu	Secretary of State
Effective. 10 the voice	

S.J.R. No. 30

(In the Senate - Filed January 25, 1977; January 26, 1977, read first time and referred to Committee on Jurisprudence; February 23, 1977, reported favorably, as amended; February 23, 1977, sent to printer.)

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT NO. 1

1 2

By: Doggett

Amend S.J.R. 30 by adding the words "or without" after the word "with" on Page 2, lines 16 and 27.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing an amendment to the Texas Constitution changing the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct, and relating to the commission and the powers and proceedings of the commission, a master, and the supreme court, or court of civil appeals justices serving in place of the supreme court, for the suspension, censure, removal, or involuntary retirement of a justice, judge, or justice of the peace under certain circumstances.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Subsections (2), (5), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (12) and Paragraph A of Subsection (6), Section 1-a, Article V

of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

"(2) There is hereby created the State Commission [State-Judicial Qualifications Commissiony] to Judicial Conduct. consist of eleven (11) [nine (9)] members, to wit: (1) two (2) Justices of Courts of Civil Appeals; (ii) two (2) District Judges; (111) two (2) members of the State Bar, who have respectively practiced as such for over ten (10) consecutive years next preceding their selection; (iiii) four (4) [three (3)] citizens, at least thirty (30) years of age, not licensed to practice law nor holding any salaried public office or employment; and (y) one (1) Justice of the Peace: provided that no person shall be or remain member of the Commission, who does not maintain physical residence within this State, or who resides in, or holds a judgeship within or for, the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the or who shall have ceased to retain the qualifications Commission, above specified for his respective class of membership, except that the Justice of the Peace shall be selected at large without regard to whether he resides or holds a judgeship in the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the Commission. Commissioners of classes (i) and (ii) above shall be chosen by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (111) by the Board of Directors of the State Bar under regulations to be prescribed by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, [and] those of class (iiii) by appointment of the and consent of the Senate__and__ Governor with advice commissioner of class (v) by appointment of the Supreme Court from a list of five (5) names submitted by the executive committee of the Justice of the Peace and Constables Association of Texas. With the advice and consent of the Senate. The initial term of the commissioner of class (v) and the fourth commissioner of class (1111) added by this amendment terminates on November 19, 1979.

"(5) The Commission may hold its meetings, hearings and other proceedings at such times and places as it shall determine but shall meet at Austin at least once each year. It shall annually select one of its members as Chairman. A quorum shall consist of six (6) [five (5)] members. Proceedings shall be by majority vote of those present, except that recommendations for retirement, censure, suspension, or removal of any person holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section

shall be by affirmative vote of at least six (6) (6100-(5)) members.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

28

30

31

32

33

34 35

36

41

43 44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

Any Justice or Judge of the Appellate Courts and 0(6)A. District and Criminal District Courts, and any County Judge, and any Judge of a County Court at Law, a Court of Domestic Relations, Juvenile Court, a Probate Court, or a Corporation or Municipal Court, and any Justice of the Peaco, and any Judge or presiding officer of any special court created by the Legislature as provided in Section 1. Article v. of this Constitution, may, subject to the other provisions hereof, be removed from office for willful or persistent conduct, which is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his said duties or casts public discredit upon the judiciary or administration of justice? or any person holding such office may be censured, in lieu of removal from office, under procedures provided for by the Legislature. May person holding an May person holding an office named in this subsection hav be suspended from office with pay by the Commission innediately on onlog indicted by a State or second grand jury for a selony offenson ore an the filling of a ENOUGH COMPLAINT CHARGING & POTRON HOLGANG SHED OFFICE WITH WILLIAM OF AND RETAINED COMPLAINT CHARGING & POTRON HOLGANG SHED OFFICE WITH WILLIAM AND RETAINED CONTINUED OF HIS CONTINUED CONTINUED CONTINUED CONTINUED AND ADDRESS DUDIES CONTINUED AND ADDRESS DUDIES CONTINUED AND ADDRESS DEFORE THE CONTINUED DEFORE THE CONTINUED AND ADDRESS DEFORE THE CONTINUED AND ADDRESS DEFORE CONTINUED AND ADDRESS DEFORMANCE.

Linel direction of the charge.

"(7) The Commission shall keep itself informed as fully as may be of circumstances relating to the missenduct or disability of particular persons holding an effice meand in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section, receive complaints or reports, formal or informal, from any source in this behalf and make such proliminary investigations as it may determine. Its orders for the attendance or testimony of withouses or for the production of decuments at any hearing or investigation shall be enforceable by

contempt proceedings in the District Court or by A Master.

(8) After such investigation as it doems necessary, the Commission may in its discretion issue a private or sublic reprimand, or if the Commission determines that the situation merits such action, it may inationed formal proceedings and order a formal hearing to be held before it concerning the public censura. removal, or retirement of a person helding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section, or it may in its discretion request the Supreme Court to appoint an active or Appeals___ retired District Judge or Justico of a Court of Civil or retired Judge or Justice of the court of Criminal Appeals or the Supreme Courts as a Master to hear and take evidence in any such and to report thereon to the Commission. The Master thall mattero have all the power of a District Judge in the enforcement of orders pertaining to witnesses, evidence, and procedure. If, after formal hearing, or after considering the record and report of a Master, the Commission finds good cause therefore it shall issue an order of public censure or it shall recommend to the Supreme Court the removal, or retirement, as the case may be, of the person in question holding an office named in Puragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section and shall theroupon file with the Clerk of the Supreme Court the entire record before the Commission.

"(9) The Supreme Court shall review the record of the proceedings on the law and facts and in its discretion may, for good cause shown, permit the introduction of additional evidence and shall order public censure, retirement or removal, as it finds just and proper, or wholly reject the recommendation. Upon an

order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, the office in question shall become vacant. The Supreme Court, in an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, may prohibit such person from holding judicial office in the future. The rights of an incumbent so retired to retirement benefits shall be the same as if his retirement had been

before All papers filed with and proceedings "(10) Commission [or a Master] shall be confidential, except that a formal hearing before the Commission or a Master, as provided in Subsection (8) of this Section, and any subsequent hearing of additional evidence before the Commission, the Master, or the Supreme Court, or Court of Civil Appeals Justices serving in place of the Supreme Court, shall be public, and the record filed in the The Commission may issue a Supreme Court is not confidential. The Commission may issue public statement through its executive director or its Chairman any time during any of its proceedings under this Section when sources other than the Commission cause notoriety concerning a judge or the Commission itself and the Commission determines that the best interests of a Judge or of the public will be served by the statement (and the filing of papers with, and the issuing_ giving-of-testimony-before, the Commission, Haster-or-the-Supreme Court--shall-be--privileged; provided that upon-being-filed-in-the Supreme-Court the record loses its confidential character]."

"(12) No person holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section shall sit as a member of the Commission [or Supreme Court] in any proceeding involving his own suspension, censure, retirement or removal. A recommendation of the Commission for the suspension, censure, retirement, or removal of a Justice of the Supreme Court shall be determined by a tribunal of seven (7) Court of Civil Appeals Justices selected by lot to

Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this state at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, ____, at which election the ballots shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment changing the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct, and relating to the commission and the powers and proceedings of the commission, a master, and the supreme court, or court of civil appeals justices serving in place of the supreme court, for the suspension, censure, removal, or involuntary retirement of a justice, judge, or justice of the peace under certain circumstances."

46 * * * * *

President of the Senate

49 Hon. William P. Hobby

51 Sir:

·/

We, your Committee on Jurisprudence, to which was referred S.J.R. No. 30, have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended, and be printed.

Schwartz, Chairman

FISCAL NOTE

February 15, 1977

Honorable A. R. Schwartz, Chairman Committee on Jurisprudence Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

> In Re: Senate Joint Resolution No. 30

> > By: Ogg

Sir:

In response to your request pursuant to Senate Rule 94, Subsection (g), this office finds the fiscal implications of Senate Joint Resolution No. 30 (proposing an amendment to the Texas Constitution changing the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission and the powers and proceedings of the Commission) to be as follows:

- The resolution would make no appropriation but would constitute prior legislative authorization for an appropriative request.
- The resolution, should it be approved by the electorate, would change the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and add two members to the Commission. The fiscal implications of the resolution amount to \$1,000 per year for mileage and per diem for each additional member. There would be a one-time-only cost of publication estimated at \$85,000 in fiscal year 1979.
- The probable cost of implementing the provisions of the resolution during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>General</u>	Revenue	Fund
1978	\$	-0-	
1979		87,0C0	
1980		2,000	
1981		2,000	
1982		2,000	

- Similar annual costs would continue as long as the provisions of the resolution are in effect.
- No fiscal implication or additional cost to local government attributable to the resolution, should it be enacted, is anticipated.

homas M. Keel Director

Source: State Judicial Qualifications Commission; Secretary of State; LBB Staff.

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

February 15, 1977

Honorable A. R. Schwartz, Chairman Committee on Jurisprudence Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

In Re: Senate Joint Resolution No. 30

By: Ogg

Sir:

In response to your request pursuant to Senate Rule 94, Subsection (g), this office finds the fiscal implications of Senate Joint Resolution No. 30 (proposing an amendment to the Texas Constitution changing the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission and the powers and proceedings of the Commission) to be as follows:

- 1. The resolution would make no appropriation but would constitute prior legislative authorization for an appropriative request.
- 2. The resolution, should it be approved by the electorate, would change the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and add two members to the Commission. The fiscal implications of the resolution amount to \$1,000 per year for mileage and per diem for each additional member. There would be a one-time-only cost of publication estimated at \$85,000 in fiscal year 1979.
- 3. The probable cost of implementing the provisions of the resolution during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>General</u>	Revenue	Fund
1978	\$	-0-	
1979 1980		87,000 2,000	
1981 1 982		2,000 2,000	

- 4. Similar annual costs would continue as long as the provisions of the resolution are in effect.
- 5. No fiscal implication or additional cost to local government attributable to the resolution, should it be enacted, is anticipated.

Thomas M. Keel

Director

Source: State Judicial Qualifications Commission; Secretary of State; LBB Staff.

V

LR

Committe	ee Amendment N	۸o.,	By:	Dozal!	
				<i>/</i> 8	
	Amend S.J.R.		_	and the second second second	out"
after t	he word "with"	on Page 3	, lines 26	agh 16	
			<u> </u>	(15 5%	

ADOPTED

FEB 28 1977

Secretary of the Senate

Amend the caption to conform to the body of the bill

ADOPTED

FEB 28 1977

Secretary of the Senate

Jul 38 1977 Engrossed

Patry Spaw
Engrossing Clark

By: Ogg

1.0

S.J.R. No. 30

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing an amendment to the Texas Constitution changing the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct, and relating to the commission and the powers and proceedings of the commission, a master, and the supreme court, or court of civil appeals justices serving in place of the supreme court, for the suspension, censure, removal, or involuntary retirement of a justice, judge, or justice of the peace under certain circumstances.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Subsections (2), (5), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (12) and Paragraph A of Subsection (6), Section 1-a, Article V of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

Judicial Conduct, [State Judicial Qualifications Commission Qn Judicial Conduct, [State Judicial Qualifications Commission,] to consist of eleven (11) [nine (9)] members, to wit: (i) two (2) Justices of Courts of Civil Appeals; (ii) two (2) District Judges; (iii) two (2) members of the State Bar, who have respectively practiced as such for over ten (10) consecutive years next preceding their selection; (iiii) four (4) [three (3)] citizens, at least thirty (30) years of age, not licensed to practice law nor holding any salaried public office or employment; and (y) one (1) Justice of the Peace: provided that no person shall be or remain a member of the Commission, who does not maintain physical residence within this State, or who resides in, or holds a judgeship within

1 or for, the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the 2 Commission, or who shall have ceased to retain the qualifications 3 above specified for his respective class of membership, except that 4 the Justice of the Peace shall be selected at large without regard to whether he resides or holds a judgeship in the same Supreme 5 6 Judicial District as another member of the Commission. Commissioners of classes (i) and (ii) above shall be chosen by the 7 8 Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iii) by the Board of Directors of the State Bar under regulations 9 to be prescribed by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of 10 the Senate, [and] those of class (iiii) by appointment of the 11 Governor with advice and consent of the Senate, and the 12 13 commissioner of class (v) by appointment of the Supreme Court from 14 a list of five (5) names submitted by the executive committee of 15 the Justice of the Peace and Constables Association of Texas. with 16 the advice and consent of the Senate. The initial term of the 17 commissioner of class (y) and the fourth commissioner of class 18 (1111) added by this amendment terminates on November 19, 1979."

"(5) The Commission may hold its meetings, hearings and other proceedings at such times and places as it shall determine but shall meet at Austin at least once each year. It shall annually select one of its members as Chairman. A quorum shall consist of six (6) [five-(5)] members. Proceedings shall be by majority vote of those present, except that recommendations for retirement, censure, suspension, or removal of any person holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

shall be by affirmative vote of at least <u>Six (6)</u> [five (5)]

members.

3

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

"(6)A. Any Justice or Judge of the Appellate Courts and District and Criminal District Courts, and any County Judge, and any Judge of a County Court at Law, a Court of Domestic Relations, a Juvenile Court, a Probate Court, or a Corporation or Municipal Court, and any Justice of the Peace, and any Judge or presiding officer of any special court created by the Legislature as provided in Section 1, Article V, of this Constitution, may, subject to the other provisions hereof, be removed from office for willful or persistent conduct, which is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his said duties or casts public discredit upon the judiciary or administration of justice; or any person holding such office may be censured, in lieu of removal from office, under procedures provided for by the Legislature. Any person holding an office named in this subsection may be suspended from office with or without pay by the Commission immediately on being indicted by a State or federal grand jury for a felony offense; or, on the filing of a sworn complaint charging a person holding such office with willful and persistent conduct which is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his duties or which casts public discredit on the judiciary or on the administration of justice, the Commission, after giving the person notice and an opportunity to appear before the Commission, may recommend to the Supreme Court the suspension of such person from office. The Supreme Court. after considering the record of such appearance and the

- 1 recommendation of the Commission, may suspend the person from
- 2 office with or without pay, pending final disposition of the
- 3 charge.

- may be of circumstances relating to the misconduct or disability of particular persons holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section, receive complaints or reports, formal or informal, from any source in this behalf and make such preliminary investigations as it may determine. Its orders for the attendance or testimony of witnesses or for the production of documents at any hearing or investigation shall be enforceable by contempt proceedings in the District Court or by a Master.
- "(8) After such investigation as it deems necessary, the Commission may in its discretion issue a private or public reprimand, or if the Commission determines that the situation merits such action, it may institute formal proceedings and order a formal hearing to be held before it concerning the public censure, removal, or retirement of a person holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section, or it may in its discretion request the Supreme Court to appoint an active or retired District Judge or Justice of a Court of Civil Appeals, or the Supreme Court, as a Master to hear and take evidence in any such matter, and to report thereon to the Commission. The Master shall have all the power of a District Judge in the coforcement of orders pertaining to witnesses, evidence, and procedure. If, after formal

hearing, or after considering the record and report of a Master, the Commission finds good cause therefor, it shall issue an order of public censure or it shall recommend to the Supreme Court the removal, or retirement, as the case may be, of the person in question holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section and shall thereupon file with the Clerk of the Supreme Court the entire record before the Commission.

- "(9) The Supreme Court shall review the record of the proceedings on the law and facts and in its discretion may, for good cause shown, permit the introduction of additional evidence and shall order public censure, retirement or removal, as it finds just and proper, or wholly reject the recommendation. Upon an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, the office in question shall become vacant. The Supreme Court, in an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, may prohibit such person from holding judicial office in the future. The rights of an incumbent so retired to retirement benefits shall be the same as if his retirement had been voluntary.
- "(10) All papers filed with and proceedings before the Commission [or a Master] shall be confidential, except that a formal hearing before the Commission or a Master, as provided in Subsection (8) of this Section, and any subsequent hearing of additional evidence before the Commission, the Master, or the Supreme Court, or Court of Civil Appeals Justices serving in place of the Supreme Court, shall be public, and the record filed in the

Supreme Court is not confidential. The Commission may issue a public statement through its executive director or its Chairman at any time during any of its proceedings under this Section when sources other than the Commission cause notoriety concerning a judge or the Commission itself and the Commission determines that the best interests of a Judge or of the public will be served by issuing the statement [and the filting of papers with and the giving of testimony before, the Commission, Master or the Supreme Court shall be privileged; provided that upon being filed in the Gupreme-Court the record loses its confidential character)."

"(12) No person holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section shall sit as a member of the Commission [or Supreme Court] in any proceeding involving his own suspension, censure, retirement or removal. A recommendation of the Commission for the suspension, censure, retirement, or removal of a Justice of the Supreme Court shall be determined by a tribunal of seven (7) Court of Civil Appeals Justices selected by lot to serve in place of the Supreme Court."

Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this state at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, ____, at which election the ballots shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment changing the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct, and relating to the commission and the powers and

- proceedings of the commission, a master, and the supreme court, or
- court of civil appeals justices serving in place of the supreme
- 3 court, for the suspension, censure, removal, or involuntary
- 4 retirement of a justice, judge, or justice of the peace under
- 5 certain circumstances."

COMMITTEE REPORT

The Honorable Bill Clayton				5/19/71
Speaker of the House of Repres	entatives			(date)
Sir:				
We, your COMMITTEE ON CON- have had the same under consideration	STITUTIONAL AMENI	DMENTS , to who	om was referred _ ation that it	5, J. R. 30 (measure)
do pass, without amendment do pass, with amendment do pass and be not printed.	nent. t(s). ed; a Complete Committ	ee Substitute is recomm	nended in lieu of the	original measure.
A fiscal note was requested on 4	1/13/77	and is attached as part	of this report.	•
Author's fiscal statement attached.	(date)			
The Committee recommends that thi	s measure be placed on	the (Local / Consent) G	alendar.	
	es new law. s existing law.			
House Sponsor of Senate Measure	CHAV	ez		
The measure was reported from Com	mittee by the following	vote:		
	AYE	NAY	PNV	ABSENT
Von Dohlen	V			
Jones				V
Bryant	~			
Clark, B.	✓			
Close				
Hendricks				
Johnson				/
Robbins	V			
Schieffer				

Total: 5 aye 0 nay 0 present, not voting 4 absent			CHAIRM, COMMIT	

BILL ANALYSIS

Background Information

Article V, Section 1-a of the Constitution creates the Judicial Qualifications Commission and details its membership, powers, and The Commission consists of nine members appointed from classes set out in Sec. 1-a (2). The remainder of the sections detail the powers and duties of the Commission. The Commission's deliberations currently are required to be confidential at all stages. The Commission's enforcement powers currently do not include suspension or public reprimand.

Recent experience with the operation of the Commission revealed some weaknesses that this amendment is designed to remedy.

Purpose of the Resolution

To propose an amendment to the Texas Constitution changing the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission and relating to the powers and proceedings of its commission.

Section-by-section Analysis

Section 1. Amends Article V, Section 1 (a) to provide the following:

- Changes the name of the State Judicial Qualifications
- Commission to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct; Provides for four citizens members of the Commission instead of three;
- 3) Adds one Justice of the Peace to the Commission, who shall be selected at large from a list of five nominees submitted by the Justice of the Peace and Constables Association of Texas;
- Provides that the terms of the new members shall terminate 4) on November 19, 1979;
- 5) Provides for a quorum of six members:
- 6) Provides that the suspension of a judge must be by an affirmative vote of six members;
- 7) Provides that the Commission may suspend judges, and describes the conditions which allow for suspension;
- 8) Provides that a Master may enforce orders made in connection with a hearing by contempt proceedings;
- Provides for a public reprimand in addition to a private 9) repremand;
- 10) Provides for a formal proceeding on the issue of a public censure;
- Allows the appointment of a retired justice of the 11)
- Court of Criminal Appeals or Supreme Court as a Master; Provides that a Master shall have all the powers of a 12) District Judge in enforcing orders pertaining to witnesses, evidence, and procedure;
- 13) Provides that an order of the Supreme Court for involuntary retirement for disability or for removal may prohibit the person from holding judicial office in the future;
- 14) Provides that proceedings and evidence in a formal hearing shall be public; and
- Provides that a recommendation of suspension, removal, 15) etc. of a Supreme Court Justice be determined by a

tribunal of seven Justices of the Court of Civil Appeals. Provides that the proposed amendment be submitted to Section 2. to the voters at the general election held on the first Friday after the first Monday in November.

Summary of Committee Action

Pursuant to public notice posted in accordance with House Rule V, the Committee considered S.J.R. 30 in public hearing on April 20, 1977. The resolution remained pending business before the Committee. Pursuant to a suspension of the rules in accordance Pursuant to a suspension of the rules in accordance with HOuse Rule 21, the Committee considered S.J.R. 30 in a public hearing on May 19, 1977. After discussion of the resolution, the Committee voted to report it favorably to the House by a vote of five ayes and no nays.

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

April 13, 1977

Honorable Tim Von Dohlen, Chairman Committee on Constitutional Amendments House of Representatives Austin, Texas

In Re: Senate Joint Resolution No. 30,

as engrossed
By: Ogg

Sir:

In response to your request pursuant to House Rule V, Section 28, this office finds the fiscal implications of Senate Joint Resolution No. 30, as engrossed (changing the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct, and relating to the commission and the powers and proceedings of the commission) to be as follows:

The resolution would make no appropriation but would constitute prior legislative authorization for an appropriative request.

The resolution, should it be approved by the electorate, would change the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and add two members to the Commission. The fiscal implications of the resolution amount to \$1,000 per year for mileage and per diem for each additional member. There would be a one-time-only cost of publication estimated at \$85,000 in fiscal year 1979.

The probable cost of implementing the provisions of the resolution during each of the first five years following passage is estimated as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>General</u>	Revenue	Fund
1978	\$	-0-	
1979	•	87,000	
1980		2,000	
1981		2,000	
1982	•	2,000	

Similar annual costs would continue as long as the provisions of the resolution are in effect.

No fiscal implication or additional cost to local government attributable to the resolution, should it be enacted, is anticipated.

Thomas M. Keel

Director

Source: State Judicial Qualifications Commission; Secretary of State;

LBB Staff

Date Read and Adopted

Chief Clerk
House of Representatives

AMENDMENT BY CHAVEZ

Amend S.J.R. No. 30 as follows:

(1) Strike the quoted Subsection (2) on page 1, lines 14-25, and page 2, lines 1-18, and insert the following:

"(2) The name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission is changed to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct. The Commission consists (There-is-hereby-created-the-State-Judicial Qualifications-Commission, to consist of eleven (11) (nine-(9)) members, to wit: (i) two (2) Justices of Courts of Civil Appeals; (ii) two (2) District Judges; (iii) two (2) members of the State Bar, who have respectively practiced as such for over ten (10) consecutive years next preceding their selection; (iiii) four (4) (three--(3)) citizens, at least thirty (30) years of age, not licensed to practice law nor holding any salaried public office or employment; and (v) one (l) Justice of the Peace; provided that no person shall be or remain a member of the Commission, who does not maintain physical residence within this State, or who resides in, or holds a judgeship within or for, the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the Commission, or who shall have ceased to retain the qualifications above specified for his respective class of membership, except that the Justice of the Peace shall be selected at large without regard to whether he resides or holds a judgeship in the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the Commission. Commissioners of classes (i) and (ii) above shall be chosen by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iii) by the Board of

House am. ++ (1)

1

2

3

4 5

6

7

11

10

13 14

16

15

18

19

17

20

21

23

24

25

Directors of the State Bar under regulations to be prescribed by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, [and] those of class (iiii) by appointment of the Governor with advice and consent of the Senate, and the commissioner of class (v) by appointment of the Supreme Court from a list of five (5) names submitted by the executive committee of the Justice of the Peace and Constables Association of Texas, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The initial term of the commissioner of class (v) and the fourth commissioner of class (iiii) added by this amendment terminates on November 19, 1979. Each person holding office as a member of the Commission on the effective date of this amendment continues to hold the office for the term for which he was appointed. "

(2) Strike "November, _____," on page 6, line 22, and insert "November, 1977,".

Amendment No. (2)

By: Vou Joblen

Amend S.J.R. 30 by deleting all of Subsection (10) on pages 5 and 6 and substituting therefore the following:

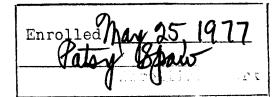
"(10) All papers filed with and proceedings before the Commission or a Master shall be confidential, unless otherwise provided by law, and the filing of papers with, and the giving of testimony before, the Commission, Master or the Supreme Court shall be privileged, unless otherwise provided by law, provided that upon being filed in the Supreme Court the record loses its confidential character. However, the Commission may issue a public statement through its executive director or its Chairman at any time during any of its proceedings under this Section when sources other than the Commission cause notoriety concerning a Judge or the Commission itself and the Commission determines that the best interests of a Judge or of the public will be served by issuing the statement."

5 pm

Date AY 2 4 1977.

Chief Clerk
House of Representatives

Snoert House am. # @



S.J.R. No. 30

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing an amendment to the Texas Constitution changing the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct, and relating to the commission and the powers and proceedings of the commission, a master, and the supreme court, or court of civil appeals justices serving in place of the supreme court, for the suspension, censure, removal, or involuntary retirement of a justice, judge, or justice of the peace under certain circumstances.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Subsections (2), (5), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (12) and Paragraph A of Subsection (6), Section 1-a, Article V of the Texas Constitution, be amended to read as follows:

"(2) The name of the State Judicial Qualifications
Commission is changed to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct.
The Commission consists [There is hereby created the State Judicial
Qualifications Commission, to consist) of gleven (11) [nine-(9)]
members, to wit: (1) two (2) Justices of Courts of Civil Appeals;
(11) two (2) District Judges; (111) two (2) members of the State
Bar, who have respectively practiced as such for over ten (10)
consecutive years next preceding their selection; (1111) four (4)
[three-(3)] citizens, at least thirty (30) years of age, not
licensed to practice law nor holding any salaried public office or
employment; and (v) one (1) Justice of the Peace; provided that no
person shall be or remain a member of the Commission, who does not

maintain physical residence within this State, or who resides in, or holds a judgeship within or for, the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the Commission, or who shall have 3 ceased to retain the qualifications above specified for his respective class of membership, except that the Justice of the 5 Peace shall be selected at large without regard to whether he 7 resides or holds a judgeship in the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the Commission. Commissioners of classes (1) and (ii) above shall be chosen by the Supreme Court with advice and 9 consent of the Senate, those of class (iii) by the Board of 10 Directors of the State Bar under regulations to be prescribed by 11 the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, [and] 12 those of class (iiii) by appointment of the Governor with advice 13 and consent of the Senate, and the commissioner of class (v) by 14 appointment of the Supreme Court from a list of five (5) names 15 16 submitted by the executive committee of the Justice of the Peace 17 and Constables Association of Texas, with the advice and consent of 18 the Senate. The initial term of the commissioner of class (y) and 19 the fourth commissioner of class (iiii) added by this amendment 20 terminates on November 19, 1979. Each person holding office as a 21 member of the Commission on the effective date of this amendment 22 continues to hold the office for the term for which he was 23 appointed." 24

1

25

26

"(5) The Commission may hold its meetings, hearings and other proceedings at such times and places as it shall determine but shall meet at Austin at least once each year. It shall

annually select one of its members as Chairman. A guorum shall consist of six (6) [five (5)] members. Proceedings shall be by majority vote of those present, except that recommendations for retirement, censure, suspension, or removal of any person holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section shall be by affirmative vote of at least six (6) [five (5)] members.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

25

26

24

"(6)A. Any Justice or Judge of the Appellate Courts and District and Criminal District Courts, and any County Judge, and any Judge of a County Court at Law, a Court of Domestic Relations, a Juvenile Court, a Probate Court, or a Corporation or Municipal Court, and any Justice of the Peace, and any Judge or presiding officer of any special court created by the Legislature as provided in Section 1, Article V, of this Constitution, may, subject to the other provisions hereof, be removed from office for willful or persistent conduct, which is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his said duties or casts public discredit upon the judiciary or administration of justice; or any person holding such office may be censured, in lieu of removal from office, under procedures provided for by the Legislature. Any person holding an office named in this subsection may be suspended from office with or without pay by the Commission immediately on being indicted by a State or Federal grand jury for a felony offense: or, on the filing of a sworn complaint charging a person holding such office with willful and persistent conduct which is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his duties or which casts public

discredit on the judiciary or on the administration of justice, the 1 . Commission, after giving the person notice and an opportunity to 2 3 appear before the Commission, may recommend to the Supreme Court the suspension of such person from office. The Supreme Court. 4 after considering the record of such appearance and the 5 recommendation of the Commission, may suspend the person from 6 office with or without pay, pending final disposition of the 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

24

26

charge.

- "(7) The Commission shall keep itself informed as fully as may be of circumstances relating to the misconduct or disability of particular persons holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section, receive complaints or reports, formal or informal, from any source in this behalf and make such preliminary investigations as it may determine. Its orders for the attendance or testimony of witnesses or for the production of documents at any hearing or investigation shall be enforceable by contempt proceedings in the District Court or by a Master.
- "(8) After such investigation as it deems necessary, the . Commission may in its discretion issue a private or public reprimand, or if the Commission determines that the situation merits such action, it may institute formal proceedings and order a formal hearing to be held before it concerning the public censure. 23 removal, or retirement of a person holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section, or it may in its discretion request the Supreme Court to appoint an active or 25 retired District Judge or Justice of a Court of Civil Appeals, or

retired Judge or Justice of the Court of Criminal Appeals or the 1 Supreme Court, as a Master to hear and take evidence in any such matter, and to report thereon to the Commission. The Master shall have all the power of a District Judge in the enforcement of orders pertaining to witnesses, evidence, and procedure. If, after formal hearing, or after considering the record and report of a Master, the Commission finds good cause therefor, it shall issue an order of public censure or it shall recommend to the Supreme Court the removal, or retirement, as the case may be, of the person in question holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section and shall thereupon file with the Clerk of the Supreme Court the entire record before the Commission. 12

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

"(9) The Supreme Court shall review the record of the proceedings on the law and facts and in its discretion may, good cause shown, permit the introduction of additional evidence and shall order public censure, retirement or removal, as it finds just and proper, or wholly reject the recommendation. Upon an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, the office in question shall become vacant. The Supreme Court, in an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, may prohibit such person from holding judicial office in the future. The rights of an incumbent so retired to retirement benefits shall be the same as if his retirement had been voluntary.

"(10) All papers filed with and proceedings before the Commission or a Master shall be confidential, unless otherwise

provided by law, and the filing of papers with, and the giving of testimony before, the Commission, Master or the Supreme Court shall be privileged, unless otherwise provided by law; provided that upon being filed in the Supreme Court the record loses its confidential character. However, the Commission may issue a public statement through its executive director or its Chairman at any time during any of its proceedings under this Section when sources other than the Commission cause notoriety concerning a Judge or the Commission itself and the Commission determines that the best interests of a Judge or of the public will be served by issuing the statement."

"(12) No person holding an office named in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section shall sit as a member of the Commission [or Supreme Court] in any proceeding involving his own suspension, censure, retirement or removal. A recommendation of the Commission for the suspension, censure, retirement, or removal of a Justice of the Supreme Court shall be determined by a tribunal of seven (7) Court of Civil Appeals Justices selected by lot to serve in place of the Supreme Court."

Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this state at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1977, at which election the ballots shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment changing the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct, and relating to the commission and the powers and

- proceedings of the commission, a master, and the supreme court, or court of civil appeals justices serving in place of the supreme court, for the suspension, censure, removal, or involuntary
- 4 retirement of a justice, judge, or justice of the peace under
- 5 certain circumstances."

President of the Senate		Speak	er of th	e House	
I hereby certify that S.	J.R. No.	30 was	adopted	by the ser	nate
on February 28, 1977, by the	following	vote:	Yeas 21	, Nays 8;	May
25, 1977, senate concurred in	house am	endment	s by t	he follow	ving
vote: Yeas 29, Nays 0.					
	apali apali se	Secret	ary of t	he Senate	
I hereby certify that S.	J.R. No.	30 was	adopted	by the hou	15 e ,
with amendments, on May 24, 19	77, by th	e follo	wing vot	e: Yeas 1	129,
Nays 3, one present not voting	I•				
	67-0-(m) 4-	Chief	Clerk of	the House	5
Approved:				•	
Date	Di dina				

Governor

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing an amendment to the Texas Constitution changing the name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission to the State Commussion on Judicial Conduct, and relating to the commission and the powers and proceedings of the commission, a master, and the supreme court, or court of civil appeals justices serving in

Title of the supreme court etary of the Senate

JAN 26 1977 FEB 28-1977

Read, referred to Committee on JURISPRUDENCE Reported favorably, eo amen

Reported adversely, with favorable Committee Substitute; Committee Substitute read first time.

Ordered not printed.____

FEB 28 1977

Senate and Constitutional Rules to permit consideration suspended by

Lugarimous conson

To permit consideration, reading and passage, Senate and Constitutional Rules

suspended by vote of _

Read second time and passed to third reading

Caption ordered amended to conform to body of bill

Senate and Constitutional 3-Day Rules suspended by vote of

EE CO. ROLL

Read third time and passed by

o**flad** Ecmon

MAR 2_ 1977

Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

READ FIRST TIME

MAY 1.9 1977

Favorably

A Sent to Printer 21-05 Am MAY 20 1977 Printed and Distributed 22 85 /41

MAY 20 1977 Sent To Committee Str. Galendars _______

MAY 24 1977

READ AND ACCOMPANY

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Offentmous corpent granted to amend caption of beings for the

BETURNED TO EXPARE MAY 24 1977

FROM HOUSE

Sent to HOUSE

1977 HAY 20 PH 12: 35

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES